

**337712(37)**

**B. E. (Seventh Semester) Examination, 2020**

APR-MAY

**(Old Scheme)**

**(Mech. Engg. Branch)**

**HEAT & MASS TRANSFER**

**Time Allowed : Three hours**

**Maximum Marks : 80**

**Minimum Pass Marks : 28**

**Note : All questions are compulsory. Each question carries 16 marks.**

**Unit-I**

1. (a) Define critical radius of insulation. 2
- (b) Derive an expression for one dimensional time dependent heat conduction with internal heat generation and constant thermal conductivity in Cartesian coordinate system. Reduce it as! 14

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- (i) Poisson equation
- (ii) Fourier equation
- (iii) Laplace equation

Or

A long hollow cylinder ( $K = 50 \text{ W/mk}$ ) has an inner radius of 10 cm, and outer radius of 20 cm. The inner surface is heated uniformly at constant rate of  $1.16 \times 10^5 \text{ W/m}^2$  and outer surface is maintained at  $30^\circ\text{C}$ . Calculate the temperature of inner surface. 14

### Unit-II

- 2. (a) What is lumped system analysis? 2
- (b) Prove that the temperature distribution in a body at time 't' during a Newtonian heating or cooling is given by

$$\frac{T - T_\infty}{T_i - T_\infty} = e^{-B_i F_0}$$

where  $B_i = \text{Biot Number}$ ,  $F_0 = \text{Fourier Number}$ . 14

Or

A very long 25 mm diameter copper ( $K = 380 \text{ W/mk}$ ) rod extends from a surface at  $120^\circ\text{C}$ . The temperature of surrounding air is  $25^\circ\text{C}$  and the heat

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transfer coefficient over the rod is  $10 \text{ W/m}^2\text{K}$ . Calculate (i) Heat loss from the rod. (ii) How long the rod should be in order to be considered infinite? 14

### Unit-III

- 3. (a) Explain velocity and thermal boundary layer. 2
- (b) Find the following functional expression for free convection heat transfer between a fluid flowing through a tube and its wall using Buckingham  $\pi$  theorem. 14

$$N_{U_L} = f(G_{r_L}, P_r)$$

Or

Prove that the Reynolds number for flow in a circular tube of diameter 'D' can be expressed as

$$R_{e_D} = \frac{4 \dot{m}}{D \mu \pi}$$

where  $\dot{m} = \text{mass flow rate of fluid}$ ;

$\mu = \text{viscosity of fluid}$  14

### Unit-IV

- 4. (a) Explain Filmwise and dropwise condensation. 2

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- (b) The outer surface of a vertical tube 80 mm in outer diameter and 1 m long is exposed to saturated steam at atmospheric pressure. The tube surface is maintained at 50°C by flow of water through the tube. What is the rate of heat transfer to coolant and what is the rate of condensation of steam? 14

**Or**

Derive for parallel flow heat exchanger.

$$\epsilon = \frac{1 - \exp[-NTU(1+C)]}{1+C}$$

where  $C = \text{Capacity ratio} = \frac{C_{\min}}{C_{\max}}$  14

### Unit-V

5. (a) Define view factor. 2
- (b) Derive the generalized mass diffusion equation. Also explain modes of mass transfer. 14

**Or**

Derive an expression for a rate of radiation exchange, when a radiation shield is inserted between two large parallel plates. 14